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THE MAGNET

A good shoe brush and brush and box of blacking	25c
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Three pairs ladies' fast black hose	26c
One pair extra fine fast black hose	25c
Six balls best glycerine soap	25c
Seven spools of Coats Thread	25c
Eight glass plates	25c
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Two good packs playing cards	25c
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1-4 ream note paper, one package envelopes 1-2 dozen lead pencils, penholder and pen	25c
Three large tablets	25c

These are a few of the investments

we are offering; we also have

Bargains in Ribbons,
Bargains in Corsets,
Bargains in Hosiery,
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IN FACT BARGAINS IN EVERY LINE

FINE LINE OF NOVELTY BRAIDS,
FINE LINE OF EMBROIDERY SILKS,
FINE LINE OF SCHOOL GOODS,
FINE LINE OF PERFUMERY,
FINE LINE OF NOVELTIES,
FINE LINE OF TINWARE,
FINE LINE HOUSE-KEEPING SUPPLIES.

OUR LINE OF

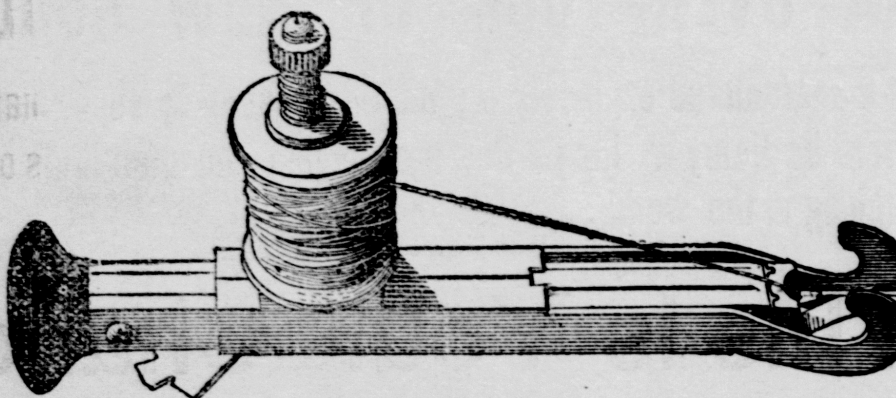
Crockery, Glassware and Lamps

speaks for itself. See what it has to say.

For perfect, good goods we sell closer than anyone in Janesville. You can have no idea what a complete line we carry until you see it.

The finest and purest **BLACK TEA** in Janesville, for 50 cents a pound.

The Hand Embroiderer



We have the exclusive agency for the city and county for this little machine, which accomplishes more work in one hour than can be done in ten hours by hand, and the work is equally as fine. We have samples of the work on exhibition, in velvet, silk and worsted. The machine has always sold for \$3.00. Our price is \$1.00. Don't forget to call at

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INSURANCE HEADQUARTERS.

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SPEECH OF THE QUEEN.

PARLIAMENT OPENED WITH THE USUAL FORMALITIES.

The Address from the Throne Commands Little Attention—Its Principal Topics—Horrible Atrocity.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Parliament opened Tuesday with the usual time-honored ceremonies. The speaker of the House of Commons and the members of the House of Lords were present to hear the Queen's speech. The former followed the Speaker in their customary tumultuous manner.

There was a scattering attendance of peers. Four royal commissioners in imposing robes stood at the foot of the throne and one read the Queen's speech to an inattentive and almost disrespectful audience.

It opens with a reference to the cordial relations existing between her Majesty's government and all foreign countries. Portugal, it says, has acceded to the request of England in regard to central Africa, and the Portuguese government is doing its best to maintain the friendly relations that have always existed between that country and England. With these eulogies her Majesty's government heartily co-operates.

It next alludes to the Brussels conference, and expresses the hope and faith that favorable results will be accomplished toward the suppression of the slave trade. Egypt is congratulated upon her financial prosperity and the Samoan settlement is briefly alluded to and there is a promise to lay before Parliament all the papers relating to the Samoan conference and to the extradition treaty with the United States.

Turning to colonial themes, Her Majesty expresses hopes for good results from the federation movement in Australia. In home legislation Ireland will demand a prominent place in the attention of Parliament. Her Majesty is glad to announce a marked diminution in the amount of agrarian crime and a decrease in the number of counties wherein it is found necessary to enforce exceptional provisions of law. There is a promise to introduce a land purchase bill and local government bill and other measures for improving the material interests of Ireland.

The program of the session further includes, for England, a land-transfer measure, a tithe bill, and an employers' limited liability bill; for Scotland, a measure empowering the local authorities to deal with private business, also proposals for alleviating the distress in the highlands and for improved dwellings for the working people. An amendment to the law affecting the trustees of savings banks completes the program.

Never was a ceremony, one of such impressive character, so utterly empty and ridiculous. Everybody present seemed to read the speech had done so at the breakfast table, the morning papers having fully and correctly anticipated it.

During the reading of the well known phrases there was a dangerous disposition on the part of some of the younger members to guff the royal commissioners.

One very important omission in the speech is conspicuous. No reference is made to free education, one of the burning questions of the moment, and which every one expected would be noticed in some form, however vague.

The portion of the speech which attracts the most attention is the paragraph regarding Ireland. The promise not only of the purchase bill but of the Irish local bill, similar to the local government measure for England and Scotland, causes a feeling of pleased surprise.

The vagueness of the utterance regarding the outcome of the negotiations with Portugal is generally noted, and notwithstanding the optimism expressed the situation is regarded as unsatisfactory. It is felt that the government is well aware of the fact that its demands have not yet been complied with, and that notwithstanding the promises and protestations of the Lisbon ministry it will not or can not enforce obedience on its agents in Africa.

Upon the return of the members of the House of Commons from the Chamber of Peers, where they had gathered in accordance with time-honored custom to listen to the speech from the throne, Sir William Vernon Harcourt moved that the publication by The Times of the speech be prohibited. The motion was defeated by a vote of 260 to 212.

SIBERIAN PRISON HORROR.

Fearful Scenes at a Revolt Caused by the Shocking Treatment of a Woman.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—A terrible tale comes from the political prisoners at Kara, in Siberia. Mme. Nadyda Shida, of noble birth, was found last year with revolutionary pamphlets in her possession and sentenced to penal servitude. On arriving at Kara she soon attracted the attention of the director, who took an early opportunity to insult her. Mme. Shida boxed his ears, and he, in revenge, had her stripped and flogged in the presence of all the men in the prison. Such an outrage had not been perpetrated on a woman of rank since the days of the Empress Catherine, and the unfortunate lady was so appalled by the further shame and torture that she committed suicide the same day by poisoning herself. Several of the other female prisoners, fearful of receiving similar treatment, followed her example.

A few miles from the women's political prison at Kara is that occupied by male political convicts, who, on hearing of the tragedy, revolted on mass. Troops were called out and awful scenes followed, shooting, flogging and torturing going on by wholesale.

Patriotic Demonstrations Checked.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A proclamation has been issued by the government forbidding the holding of a patriotic meeting, which was to have taken place in the Coliseum. The proclamation also prohibits a contemplated patriotic procession through the streets of Lisbon.

Persian Monarch Disabled.

SOUTHAMPTON, Feb. 12.—The news is brought here by the Hamburg line steamship Rhaetia that she spoke the Persian Monarch Feb. 7 and took off three of her passengers. The Persian Monarch and broken her shaft, declined the Rhaetia's offer to tow her. Engineer Ristow of the Persian Monarch was almost drowned while making an inspection of the broken shaft.

Stern Republicans Grumbling.

PARIS, Feb. 12.—Due d'Annam, who last year was allowed by special legislation to return to and reside in France, visited the young Duke of Orleans, his nephew, in the conchierie to-day. Both were treated with the greatest courtesy by the officers and attendants. The stern republicans are beginning to grumble at the excessive politeness shown toward royalty.

Unionists Retain a Seat.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The Parliamentary election in the Patrick division of Lanarkshire to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Alexander Craig Sellar (Unionist) took place Tuesday and resulted in the retention of the seat by the Unionists, by a vote of 4,148 for Mr. Parker Smith, to 3,929 for Sir Charles Tennant (Gladstonian).

Zalinski to Make Guns for England.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—The government has arranged with Lieut. Zalinski to superintend the construction at Woolwich of fifty dynamite guns, of which Zalinski is the inventor.

Foreign Notes.

MOR. ROTTELL, papal nuncio at Paris, will shortly be elevated to the cardinalate.

RUSSIA has sent an official to the City of Mexico for the purpose of establishing a Russian legation there.

The Russian bishop of San Francisco will be recalled. He will be succeeded by the archbishop of St. Petersburg.

THE strike of coke laborers at Dundee, Scotland, has been settled, the masters agreeing the advance in wages demanded by the men.

THE Bank of England has been authorized to increase its issue of notes by £250,000, on condition that it makes a similar increase in its securities.

EMPEROR WILLIAM has caused an order to be issued prohibiting the exhibition of portraits of himself, his ancestors or any of his family without his sanction being first obtained.

FRANCE will decline the invitation of the German Emperor to the international labor conference, as she has already accepted that of Switzerland to the conference to be held in Bern May 5.

BOOMERS HELD IN CHECK.

United States Troops Bar Their Way to the Great Sioux Reservation.

PIERRE, S. D., Feb. 12.—There is no change in the situation among the boomers here. Lieut. Tassin of company A, Twelfth Infantry, in charge of the troops at Fort Pierre, is more than President Harrison just now. Notwithstanding the President's proclamation opening the Sioux reservation to settlement, Lieut. Tassin, not having received the necessary army orders, quarters at St. Paul, persists in refusing to allow intending settlers to enter upon the reservation. The crowd of boomers held at bay by this military marshall and his blue-coats numbers nearly 3,000. It is increasing hourly. Incoming trains bringing large numbers of settlers and their families. The guard-houses at Fort Pierre and the Cheyenne agency, thirty miles up the river, are filled with boomers guilty of violating the orders of Lieut. Tassin. About 200 boomers broke through the line of sentries this morning and are now speeding toward the interior of the reservation. Tassin is afraid to withdraw the troops from the boundary and send them in pursuit, as the mile square would soon be overrun with settlers. The troops are worn out by incessant guard duty, and the inhabitants of the mile square not being allowed to cross to this side and purchase supplies, are running short of provisions.

Lively Times at Chamberlain.

CHAMBERLAIN, S. Dak., Feb. 12.—Settlers have been arriving all night long and crossing to the reservation, and this forenoon the land west of here was thickly dotted with buildings in course of construction. Companies are organizing here to leave for the interior of the reservation, where they will locate town sites along the White river. One company left this forenoon for a point seven miles out, where there is said to be a desirable location for a large town. The company from here which so cleverly captured a town site near Lower Brule agency, opposite the city, are reported to be safe.

United States Marshal Fry has left for White river to ascertain the condition of affairs there and to quell any disturbance that should arise. A settler who arrived in the city this morning reports that each claim immediately west of here has forty occupants. Indian police are on the grounds and will prevent trouble between the settlers. A long string of wagons loaded with lumber crossed to the new townsite to-day, and there is quite a town where Monday morning was nothing but a building of wheels has just crossed, which will be used as a bank at the new town.

FAILURE OF A MICHIGAN BANK.

Receives Patterson & Co.'s Institution at Berrien Springs Forced to the Wall.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Feb. 12.—The bank of Berrien Springs, Berrien, Patterson & Co., proprietors, has closed its doors, the firm making an assignment for the general benefit of their creditors. The failure is due to the distrust which arose among the depositors owing to the fact that the building of the bank, which was a part of the St. Joseph railway company. The bank, it is said, backed J. J. Burns, the contractor, in an unsuccessful effort to reach the quarters. Those reports caused a number of depositors to withdraw and precipitated the failure. The total liabilities are estimated at \$20,000. The heaviest creditor is the bank of Berrien, Oronoko township, who had \$5,000 in the bank, \$3,000 of which was in county bonds. He and his bondsmen will have to make good any loss. The banking firm is composed of L. E. Burns and D. H. Patterson and a brother of Mr. Patterson, who resides in Chicago. The bank was regarded as one of the solid financial institutions of the county. Mr. Patterson says they intend to pay every creditor in full.

Land Commissioner Cables Dead.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Feb. 12.—State Land Commissioner Paul M. Cables died this morning.

Infernal Ingenuity.

Could scarcely devise more execrable crimes than those of which you see the evidence in the face of a consumptive or neuralgic sufferer. The agonies are the consequence of not checking a rheumatic or neuralgic attack at the outset. Sufferers from these diseases have been found by skillful medical practitioners to possess not only remedial, but defensive efficacy, where those diseases exist, or a tendency to them is exhibited. Surely the safe remedy is by the use of medicine, bearing too, such high specific sanction, is better than the poisons often employed, but most unsafe, not only in continuance, but in isolated doses. The blood is depurated thoroughly from the rheumatic virus, and the nervous system is impured upon, saved from ultimate and direful throes by this benign, saving medicine, which likewise exhibits marked efficacy for kidney complaints, dyspepsia, constipation and liver complaint.

Nothing Small About Him.

"As this is to be the last interview I shall ever have with you, Miss Harris, I take the opportunity to make you a present of all the bouquets, books, and trinkets I have sent to you during the last six months, together with the concert, and lunches you have enjoyed at my expense."

"To make me a present of them?" exclaimed the young woman, haughtily. "I do not understand you, Mr. Spoonmora."

"I give them to you absolutely, Miss Harris," said he, picking up his hat. "Henceforth I have looked upon them merely as investments."

The Infatuated Mind.

Mrs. Brown (grabbing him): I thought I told you not to blow that dreadful whistle!

Little Johnnie: I know you did, ma; but I was only just trying to see whether it would blow if I should want to.

NOT ONE IN TWENTY ARE FREE from some little ailment caused by inaction of the liver. Use Carter's Little Liver Pills. The result will be a pleasant surprise. They give positive relief.

People's eyes are the pure and best eyes.

SERIOUS RELIGIOUS RIOT.

MANY PERSONS INJURED BY A MOB.

Evangelistic Meeting at Hull, Ont., Broken up by a Mob—Horrific Suicide—Criminal News.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Feb. 12.—There was a riot last night at Hull, just across the river. It was a continuation of the trouble which took place there last week. Miss Berntha Wright and her evangelists, accompanied by about a dozen gentlemen, were held captive in the hall. Members of the Young Men's Christian Association had offered an escort of 1,000 men. Miss Wright, however, fearing trouble, asked them to stay away.

Hull was in a state of excitement all the afternoon, and at 7 o'clock about seven hundred men and boys paraded the streets and took possession of the town hall. The mob surged forward in the direction of Little Miss Berntha. Hundreds hurled stones at the building, smashing the windows and demolishing the wooden structure, and many persons were hurt.

Miss Wright was slightly injured by a stone. Mr. Walters was hit on the temple and also received a wound in the back of the head. The police were unable to cope with the mob, and the evangelists were locked up. The following persons were seriously injured: ROBERT PERRELL, head injured. HENRY WATERS, head and face injured. Major WRIGHT. JOHN WRIGHT. ROBERT SWART.

The four last named were all badly hurt. The evangelists finally escaped without further injury.

BURNED HERSELF TO DEATH.

Horrible Method of Suicide Chosen by a Pennsylvania Woman.

MEDIA, Pa., Feb. 12.—The wife of J. C. Fisher, who occupies a cottage in Rutledge, in the new town of Media, committed suicide to-day by setting her clothing on fire. Her two young step-children gave the alarm. When the neighbors came to her they found her lying in the kitchen with all her clothing burned off and her flesh almost in a crisp. She died soon afterward. On the floor was a note addressed to her husband, in which she asked that if any part of her body remained unburned it should be buried as it was and not cremated again. She also said she preferred death by burning to any other form.

Two little boys, about 7 and 9 years of age, children by a former wife of Mr. Fisher, were the only persons in the house at the time. They say that their mother came to the cellar with her clothing all ablaze and sat down on a chair in the kitchen. They pluckily tried to put the fire out, but the clothing was soon consumed. Some of the furniture caught fire, but the children drenched the flames. The husband works at 719 Vine street, Philadelphia, and he was summoned by telegraph. Mrs. Fisher's mind has been running on the subject of cremation for some time.

A COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

A Notorious "Bill Raiser" in Custody at Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—The police have captured and formally turned over to the Federal authorities S. H. Shanks, who swindled a Wabash avenue merchant by passing on him a "raised" one dollar bill. Capt. Porter of the secret service has been after Shanks for six months and has chased him all over the country. The prisoner first branched out in Dixon, Ill., with great success in passing the bogus money.

His scheme was simple enough. Taking a \$1 bill he deftly added a cipher to the figure "one" in the corners and then printed the word "ten" in the center of the bill. With the aid of powerful acids he obliterated the word "one" and then had his bill complete and \$9 ahead of Uncle Sam. The work is exceptionally clever, and its bogus nature can not be detected except by the closest scrutiny.

"I have been after this fellow for some time," said Capt. Porter, "and now that I have him I will push him to the end. There are at least fifty witnesses who will appear against him."

CAUGHT A SNEAK THIEF.

A Cincinnati Business Man Seizes and Holds a Robber in a Bank.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Feb. 12.—While Mr. Goyert, of the firm of Goyert & Vogel, was making a deposit at the bank, a man, who was accompanied by a well-dressed man, who said: "Excuse me, but is this dollar a good one?" He turned around to answer him, when he felt his bank book slide from his pocket and into the hand of another stranger crowding him against the railing. He grappled with the thief and held him until assistance came. During the confusion the other man got away. The prisoner was taken to the Hamilton street police station, where he gave his name as Henry Burton of St. Louis. When the money was counted it was found to be \$200. The thief originally contained \$100, but he had found a \$10 bill in his hand when he grabbed Mr. Goyert's book.

QUEER PLACE FOR THEFT.

Arrest of a Man for Stealing Boots and Shoes in State's Prison.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Feb. 12.—J. Fred O'Donnell, a foreman of the Jefferson City boot and shoe company at the penitentiary here has been arrested for stealing shoes from the penitentiary firm. The arrest has made a sensation both on account of the prominence of the prisoner and the unusual fact of his committing theft within the prison walls, his prison term having been extended over a considerable space of time, and the amount of goods removed by him being considerable.

BANKER BOWEN DEAD.

One of the Wealthiest Men of Indiana Stricken Down.

DEPAUL, Ind., Feb. 12.—Abner H. Bowen, the well-known banker, died at his home in this city at the age of seventy-five. He was at the head of the banking firm of A. H. & A. Bowen, that has been in the banking business in this city for many years. He was one of the wealthiest men in Indiana, his possessions being estimated in the millions.

The Result of Merit.

When anything stands a test of fifty years as a discriminating people like the Americans do, it is almost certain that there is merit somewhere. The value of a medicine is best proved by its continued use from year to year by the same persons and families; as well as by a steady increase in the number of its users. Merit is the only basis of success and popularity as has marked the introduction and progress of BRADEN'S PILLS, which, after a trial of over fifty years, are conceded to be the safest and most effective purgative introduced to the public.

That This is the result of merit, and

that BRADEN'S PILLS actually perform all that is claimed for them, is conclusively proved by the fact that those who regard them with the greatest favor are those who have used them the longest.

BRADEN'S PILLS are sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar-coated.

Advice to Mothers.—MRS. WILSON'S SWEETENED BRAND should always be used for children's teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain.

GEN. FOSTER FOUND DEAD.

The Prosecutor of Mrs. Surratt Ends His Days in Miserable Fashion.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—Gen. John A. Foster, a veteran of the civil war, and once a lawyer of repute, was found dead on the floor of an insurance office at 1784 Broadway, where he was accustomed to sleep. He was at one time an intimate of prominent politicians, but his desire for drink lost him nearly all his friends. He abandoned his wife, the daughter of a Southern planter, and two grown-up daughters, about two years ago. Since then he has subsisted chiefly on beer. Gen. Foster was assistant judge advocate general during the latter part of the war, and as such conducted the prosecution of Mrs. Surratt.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, Feb. 12.—GRAINS.—Wheat—Opened firm, but broke quickly, closing lower for the day. No. 2 regular May 75 1/2 @ 75 3/4; July 75 1/2 @ 75 3/4; closing at 75 1/2; CORN—Dull and easy. No. 2 February 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4; May 22 1/2 @ 22 3/4; OATS—Lower. No. 2 February 20 1/2 @ 20 3/4; May 20 1/2 @ 20 3/4; RYE—Dull, by sample. No. 2 43 1/2 @ 44 1/2; BARLEY—By sample. No. 2 42 1/2 @ 43 1/2; HOPS—Dull, and declined 3 1/2 @ 3 3/4; LARD—February 57 1/2 @ 57 3/4; May 57 1/2 @ 57 3/4; COTTON—February 10 1/2 @ 10 3/4; May 10 1/2 @ 10 3/4; LIVE STOCK—Receipts of cattle, 8,500; beef all classes and only the best selling equally as good as yesterday. Receipts of hogs, 32,000; also sold, and 10 to 15 lower, closing at \$3.75 for porkers and \$3.50 for hams and \$2.50 for sheep. Receipts of sheep, 6,000; market rather slow and prices weak.

Wall Street.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—The stock market this morning was free from any unusual movement, and consequently was extremely dull but firm within narrow limits. First prices generally showed advances over last night's closing figures, but the market was not very active. A few stocks were slightly lower, small fractional advances were noted in the early dealings, but the strong tone brought about by new buying and later there was more animation in the market, accompanied by a more pronounced upward movement. At 11 o'clock the market was dull again but steady to firm at the improvement. The stock market showed no improvement after 11 o'clock either in activity or strength, prices shading off slowly almost throughout the entire hour. At noon the market was dull and rather heavy, generally at about opening prices.

Money on call is easy at 3 1/2 per cent. Barsilver, 16 1/2.

New York.

NEW YORK, Feb. 12.—WHEAT—A little stronger, dull. February 84 1/2 @ 84 3/4; March 85 1/2 @ 85 3/4; April 86 1/2 @ 86 3/4; May 87 1/2 @ 87 3/4; June 88 1/2 @ 88 3/4; July 89 1/2 @ 89 3/4; August 90 1/2 @ 90 3/4; September 91 1/2 @ 91 3/4; October 92 1/2 @ 92 3/4; November 93 1/2 @ 93 3/4; December 94 1/2 @ 94 3/4; January 95 1/2 @ 95 3/4; February 96 1/2 @ 96 3/4; March 97 1/2 @ 97 3/4; April 98 1/2 @ 98 3/4; May 99 1/2 @ 99 3/4; June 100 1/2 @ 100 3/4; July 101 1/2 @ 101 3/4; August 102 1/2 @ 102 3/4; September 103 1/2 @ 103 3/4; October 104 1/2 @ 104 3/4; November 105 1/2 @ 105 3/4; December 106 1/2 @ 106 3/4; January 107 1/2 @ 107 3/4; February 108 1/2 @ 108 3/4; March 109 1/2 @ 109 3/4; April 110 1/2 @ 110 3/4; May 111 1/2 @ 111 3/4; June 112 1/2 @ 112 3/4; July 113 1/2 @ 113 3/4; August 114 1/2 @ 114 3/4; September 115 1/2 @ 115 3/4; October 116 1/2 @ 116 3/4; November 117 1/2 @ 117 3/4; December 118 1/2 @ 118 3/4; January 119 1/2 @ 119 3/4; February 120 1/2 @ 120 3/4; March 121 1/2 @ 121 3/4; April 122 1/2 @ 122 3/4; May 123 1/2 @ 123 3/4; June 124 1/2 @ 124 3/4; July 125 1/2 @ 125 3/4; August 126 1/2 @ 126 3/4; September 127 1/2 @ 127 3/4; October 128 1/2 @ 128 3/4; November 129 1/2 @ 129 3/4; December 130 1/2 @ 130 3/4; January 131 1/2 @ 131 3/4; February 132 1/2 @ 132 3/4; March 133 1/2 @ 133 3/4; April 134 1/2 @ 134 3/4; May 135 1/2 @ 135 3/4; June 136 1/2 @ 136 3/4; July 137 1/2 @ 137 3/4; August 138 1/2 @ 138 3/4; September 139 1/2 @ 139 3/4; October 140 1/2 @ 140 3/4; November 141 1/2 @ 141 3/4; December 142 1/2 @ 142 3/4; January 143 1/2 @ 143 3/4; February 144 1/2 @ 144 3/4; March 145 1/2 @ 145 3/4; April 146 1/2 @ 146 3/4; May 147 1/2 @ 147 3/4; June 148 1/2 @ 148 3/4; July 149 1/2 @ 149 3/4; August 150 1/2 @ 150 3/4; September 151 1/2 @ 151 3/4; October 152 1/2 @ 152 3/4; November 153 1/2 @ 153 3/4; December 154 1/2 @ 154 3/4; January 155 1/2 @ 155 3/4; February 156 1/2 @ 156 3/4; March 157 1/2 @ 157 3/4; April 158 1/2 @ 158 3/4; May 159 1/2 @ 159 3/4; June 160 1/2 @ 160 3/4; July 161 1/2 @ 161 3/4; August 162 1/2 @ 162 3/4; September 163 1/2 @ 163 3/4; October 164 1/2 @ 164 3/4; November 165 1/2 @ 165 3/4; December 166 1/2 @ 166 3/4; January 167 1/2 @ 167 3/4; February 168 1/2 @ 168 3/4; March 169 1/2 @ 169 3/4; April 170 1/2 @ 170 3/4; May 171 1/2 @ 171 3/4; June 172 1/2 @ 172 3/4; July 173 1/2 @ 173 3/4; August 174 1/2 @ 174 3/4; September 175 1/2 @ 175 3/4; October 176 1/2 @ 176 3/4; November 177 1/2 @ 177 3/4; December 178 1/2 @ 178 3/4; January 179 1/2 @ 179 3/4; February 180 1/2 @ 180 3/4; March 181 1/2 @ 181 3/4; April 182 1/2 @ 182 3/4; May 183 1/2 @ 183 3/

